

said courts; the said "Supreme Court of Baltimore City" may assign any one or more of the said judges to any one of the said courts, and may from time to time change said assignment and distribution of business as circumstances may require; and each judge, or the said judges so assigned, in holding any of the said courts, shall have all the powers of the said "Supreme Court of Baltimore City," and the said "Supreme Court of Baltimore City," shall provide for the holding of as many general and special terms as the performance of its duties may require, the general terms to be held by not less than three judges and the special terms by one or more judges, but the said general and special terms may at all times be regulated and controlled by the General Assembly.

Sec. 28. It shall be the duty of the said "Supreme Court of Baltimore City," in case of the sickness, absence or disability of any judge or judges assigned as aforesaid, to provide for the hearing of the cases or transaction of the business assigned to said judge or judges as aforesaid, before some other one or more of the judges of the said court.

Sec. 29. The said "Supreme Court of Baltimore City" shall have power to make all needful rules for the conduct of business in the said court or courts during the general and special terms thereof, and in vacation, or in chambers before any of the said judges; and shall provide rules for the granting, hearing and determination of motions for a new trial, either upon questions of fact, or for misdirection upon matters of law, or upon motions in arrest of judgment, or upon any matters of law by the said judge or judges determined.

Sec. 30. No appeal shall lie from a special to a general term in any case heard upon appeal from a Justice of the Peace, but the decision thereof in special term shall be final. In cases in equity and in common law cases where the matter in dispute, exclusive of costs, is above one hundred dollars, an appeal shall lie from the said court to the Court of Appeals. In criminal cases a writ of error shall lie, as now accustomed, or hereafter may be allowed by law, in cases proper for such writ, from a special to a general term, and the judgment of the court in general term shall be final, unless the court in general term think