

" 18. That the trial of facts where they arise, is one of the greatest securities of the lives, liberties, and estate of the people.

" 19. That in all criminal prosecutions, every man hath a right to be informed of the accusation against him, to have a copy of the indictment or charge in due time (if required) to prepare for his defence, to be allowed council, to be confronted with the witnesses against him, to have process for his witnesses, to examine the witnesses for and against him on oath, and to a speedy trial by an impartial jury, without whose unanimous consent he ought not to be found guilty.

" 20. That no man ought to be compelled to give evidence against himself in a court of common law, or in any other court, but in such cases as have been usually practised in this state, or may hereafter be directed by the legislature.

" 21. That no freeman ought to be taken, or imprisoned, or dis-seized of his freehold, liberties or privileges, or outlawed, or exiled, or in any manner destroyed, or deprived of his life, liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land.

" 22. That excessive bail ought not to be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishments inflicted by the court of law.

" 23. That all warrants without oath, or affirmation to search suspected places, or to seize any person, or property, are grievous and oppressive; and all general warrants to search suspected places, or to apprehend suspected persons, without naming or describing the place, or the person in special, are illegal, and ought not to be granted.

" 24. That there ought to be no forfeiture of any part of the estate of any person for any crime except murder or treason against the state, and then only on conviction and attainder.

" 25. That a well regulated militia is the proper and natural defence of a free government.

" 26. That standing armies are dangerous to liberty, and ought not to be raised or kept up without consent of the legislature.

" 27. That in all cases and at all times the military ought to be under strict subordination to, and controul of, the civil power.

" 28. That no soldier ought to be quartered in any house in time of peace without the consent of the owner, and in time of war in such manner only as the legislature shall direct.

" 29. That no person except regular soldiers, mariners and marines in the service of this state, or militia when in actual service, ought in any case to be subject to, or punishable by, martial law.

" 30. That the independency and uprightness of judges are es-