

unnecessary delay, hear the allegations and proofs and reverse or affirm the judgment of the justice; and in case of affirmance shall adjudge to the State the costs incurred in defending the appeal.

222. The appellant or appellants may, in their election, have a decision in a summary way by the judge of said court or a trial by jury.

223. The proceedings on the judgment or judgments of the justice of the peace shall not be stayed by any appeal, unless the appellant or appellants within ten days after the rendition thereof shall enter into an appeal bond to the State, with two sufficient securities to be approved by the said justice, in a penal sum of double the amount in value of the boat or craft and property seized and the fines imposed, to be estimated by the said justice, conditioned to prosecute with effect his or their appeal to the Circuit Court.

224. The justice shall immediately deliver the said appeal bond to the officer who made the arrest, and in case of forfeiture thereof, the said officer may prosecute the same for his use and the use of those engaged with him in making the arrest and seizure.

225. If resistance be made to the sheriff or any other officer engaged in the execution of this law, such resistance shall be deemed a misdemeanor, presentable and punishable in the Circuit Court by fine and imprisonment.

226. After the payment of costs accruing from the prosecution of offenders under this law, the balance arising from the fine and sale of the boat and other property shall be divided in the following manner: one-half to the officer and those who assisted him in making the arrest and seizure, and the balance to be paid to the commissioners of the county for the benefit of the school fund.